Data Acceptability Criteria for Synthetic Organic Compounds in Water (non-volatiles) in water: PCB's, PAH's, Pesticides

			Recommended	
Sample Type	Objective	Frequency of Analysis	Control Limits	Recommended Corrective Action
Internal/External Calibration	Full calibration: Establish relationship between instrument response and target analyte conc.	Follow manufacturer's or procedures in specific analytical protocols. A min. 3 point calib.: Each set up, major disruption, and when routine calib check exceeds specific control limits.	%RSD <10%.	Determine cause and take appropriate corrective action. Recalibrate and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
Calibration Verification Calibration Check Standards (minimum of one midrange standard prepared independently from initial calibration standards). Method Detection Limit Determination	Verify calibration.	After initial calibration or recalibration. Every 10 samples.		Determine cause and take appropriate corrective action. Recalibrate and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
Spiked matrix samples (analyte-free water samples to which known amounts of target analytes have been added; one spike for each target analyte at 3-10 times the estimated MDL).	Establish or confirm MDL for analyte of interest.	. , ,	Determined by program manager.	Redetermine MDL.
Accuracy and Precision Assessment Reference materials (SRMs or CRMs, covering the range of expected target analyte conc) if available.	Assess method performance (initial method validation and routine accuracy assessment).			Failure of any of the accuracy and precision control limits require the following: Determine cause and take appropriate corrective action. Recalibrate and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
Matrix spikes (field water samples to which known amounts of target analytes have been added: 5 times the concentration of the analyte of interest or 10 times the MDL).	Assess matrix effects and accuracy (%Recovery) routinely.	One per 20 samples or one per batch, whichever is more frequent.	%Recovery = 50-150% or Control Limits based on 3x the standard deviation of laboratory's actual method recoveries.	See Reference Materials Corrective Action. Zero percent recovery requires rejection of all suspect data.
Matrix spike replicates (replicate aliquots of matrix spike samples; 5 times the concentration of the analyte of interest or 10 times the MDL).	Assess method precision routinely.	One duplicate per 20 samples or one per batch, whichever is more frequent.	RPD <25% for duplicates.	See Reference Materials Corrective Action.
Field Replicate (replicate aliquots of water field samples).	Assess method precision routinely. Assess total variability (i.e., population variability, field or sampling variability, and analytical method variability.)	5% annual rate (5% of total number of field samples per analytical procedure per year, rounded up to nearest whole number).	'	Determine cause and take appropriate corrective action. Recalibrate and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.

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Contamination Assessment				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Assess contamination from equipment, reagents, etc.	One method blank per 20 samples or one per batch, whichever is more frequent. At least one bottle blank per batch. One reagent blank prior to use of a new batch of reagent and whenever method blank exceeds control limits.	Blanks <mdl analytes.<="" for="" target="" td=""><td>Determine cause of problem (e.g., contaminated reagents, equipment), remove sources of contamination, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.</td></mdl>	Determine cause of problem (e.g., contaminated reagents, equipment), remove sources of contamination, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
, , ,	Assess contamination from equipment, from air, from surrounding environment, etc.	Random performance evaluation during field audit; field blanks <mdl 5%="" acceptable="" analyte="" audit.="" audit.<="" be="" blanks="" conducted="" during="" field="" for="" if="" interest.="" must="" next="" no="" non-acceptable,="" of="" performance,="" required="" td="" the="" until="" year=""><td>Blanks <mdl analytes.<="" for="" target="" td=""><td>Determine cause of problem (e.g., equipment contamination, improper cleaning, exposure to airborne contaminants, etc.), remove sources of contamination, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.</td></mdl></td></mdl>	Blanks <mdl analytes.<="" for="" target="" td=""><td>Determine cause of problem (e.g., equipment contamination, improper cleaning, exposure to airborne contaminants, etc.), remove sources of contamination, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.</td></mdl>	Determine cause of problem (e.g., equipment contamination, improper cleaning, exposure to airborne contaminants, etc.), remove sources of contamination, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
Routine Monitoring of Method Performance for Organic Analysis				
structure to target analytes not in target list or sotopically labelled target analyte).	Assess method performance and estimate recovery of target analytes analyzed by GC or GC/MS. Determine RRF's of organic target analytes quanitated by isotope dilution techniques.	In every calibration standard, sample, and blank analyzed for organics by GC or istope dilution GC-MS; added to samples prior to extraction.	Determined by program manager.	Determine cause of problem (e.g., incomplete extraction or digestion, contamination, inaccurate preparation of internal standard), take appropriate corrective action, and reanalyze all suspect samples or flag all suspect data.
External QA Assessment				
Accuracy-based performance evaluation samples submitted to new laboratories by SWAMP QA Program.	Initial demonstration of laboratory capability.	Once prior to routine analysis of field samples.	Determined by study manager.	Determine cause of problem and reanalyze sample. Do not begin analysis of field samples until laboratory initial capability is clearly demonstrated.
Mandatory interlaboratory exercises overseen by 3rd party external ("referee") SWAMP QA Program officials or all SWAMP participant laboratories.	Ongoing demonstration of laboratory capability.	One exercise per year.	Determined by study manager.	Determine cause of problem and reanalyze sample. Further corrective action to be determined by QA manager.
3,	Ongoing demonstration of laboratory capability.	One exercise per year.	Determined by study manager.	Determine cause of problem and reanalyze sample. Further corrective action to be determined by QA manager.